

# KENTUCKY GAZETTE

## AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

[VOL. XIX.—No 999.]

BY DANIEL BRADFORD, LEXINGTON.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31 1805.

### TERMS OF THE GAZETTE.

This paper is published weekly, at TWO DOLLARS per annum, paid in advance.  
Those who write to the Editor, must pay the postage of their letters.

### STONE HOUSE NEAR THE MARKET.

GEORGE ANDERSON,

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has just returned from Philadelphia, where he selected, *An Elegant and very extensive Assortment of*

### Merchandise,

(which he is now opening) consisting of Groceries, Dry Goods, China and Earthen Ware, Cabinet-makers and Carpenters' Tools

Of all descriptions, and a larger and more general assortment of HARD WARE, than has ever been brought to this place.

A great proportion of his goods having been purchased for Cash at Vendue, he is enabled and determined to dispose of them on as low terms (for Cash) as any other store in this town or in the state.

—VIZ.—

Elegant Oilrich Feathers for Ladies head dresses, Superb Silver Ornament Ribbons, with an assortment of other trimmings

Also, Lutestrings, Senchaws, Perigans, Peeling and Sattins

Elegant 64 Cambric and Jaconet Vullins, plain and figured.

Printed Calicoes, Chintzes, Moreens, Durans, Bombazines, &c.

Silk and other shawls.

Ladies' extra long silk Gloves & Fans of every size.

6 4 & 7 Superfine and other Cloths.

Casimers, Double mill'd Drab, Coatings, twilled, napped and plain.

Irish Linens and Mullin Striving.

Patent Royal Cord.

Velvets, Thicklets, Corduroys & Constitution Cords

Silk Velvets for Collars.

Toilettes & Mar-telles quilting.

Striped Doublets and Red Blankets, Flannels, Balize & Checks

A good assortment of Damask & Diaper Table Linen.

Cotton and Wool Cards.

Knives & Forks, Tea Kettles, Delft

Mounting, assorted Saddlery, some elegant plate & Bridle Bits and Bridlions.

Britania and Teutania Tea Pots, Table & Tea Spoons.

Stock Plains, Chiffels, Gouges, Augers, Drawing Knives, Vices.

Mill, Pit, Cross Cut, Venering and hand saws.

Turkey Oil stones, Iron Scievers.

Elegant plated and other Candlesticks.

Tea Boards, Casters Looking Glasses.

Mathematical plotting Instruments in cases.

Pocket Pistols, Elegant Shaving Boxes.

Silk, Cotton & Morocco suspenders.

A collection of school & other Books, Latin, Greek and English.

Pinkerton's Geography, with a complete Atlas.

Sugar tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Pepper, Allspice, Cloves

Ginger, Copers, Madder, Indigo, Turkey Red Cotton, Brandy, Rum, Red Port, Madeira and Sherry Wines.

Also, Barks, Glauber Salts, and other Medicines.

### HEMP & TOBACCO,

Delivered at any of the ware houses on the Kentucky river, will be received in payment for the above goods.

### 32 MADNESS.

AN effectual remedy on the human body, for that dreadful malady the bite of mad animals—it being the remedy that Dr. Stroy of Lebanon, of Pennsylvania, has effected to many cures with—A number of persons have been cured by Dr. Stroy and myself, that had violent symptoms of the hydrophobia, from one 'til two days raging. The cure can be effected as long as the constituent part of the blood is not separated; which will happen sooner or later, according to the state of body, or the effect of the bite. I would advise every person to make application as soon as the person has received the infection. No trust can be expected for the above.

Michael Schaag, Lexington, March 18th, 1805.

N. B. The various Printers in the Western States are requested to give the above a place a few times their respective papers.

Dr. Schaag wishes to instruct a Pupil or two, to practice Medicine and Surgery.

All persons indebted to M. Schaag for medical services, are requested to settle and discharge their respective balances, as no longer indulgence can be given. It is to be hoped that no compulative measures will be necessary.

### Geo. M. Bibb,

WILL continue to exercise his profession of counsel and attorney at law, in those circuit courts in which he has heretofore practiced, and in the court of appeals, and court of the United States, for the Kentucky district.

He Offers for sale the HOUSE & LOT which he now occupies.—  
tf Lexington, Nov. 24, 1804

### TWO APPRENTICES

TO the Tobaccoist's business. Are wanted immediately, by

Godfrey Bender, High Street, Lexington.

Who has for sale a quantity of Manufactured Chewing TOBACCO, and SEGARS;

Also—Rappee, French Rappee, & Scotch SNUFF, of superior quality.

tf MARCH 6, 1805.

BLUE, RED, GREEN, YELLOW & BROWN DYEING.

I WILL color cotton and linen with a hot dye, which I will warrant to stand, or return the money, and on as reasonable terms as any dyer in Lexington. I will dye wool a deep blue at 1s. 6d. per pound.

HUGH CRAWFORD, At the sign of Dr. Franklin in the old court-house, corner of Main & Cross-streets, Lexington.

September 13th, 1803.

N. B. If you want to have your cotton coloured free from spots, tye your cuts loose.

H. C.

### SALT WORKS.

I WILL rent two Furnaces at the Goose-Creek Salt Works, in Madison County, with convenient houses, for the accommodation of workmen &c.—The water is good, the wood convenient, and the terms will be very reasonable.

John Patrick, Madison, 1st Sept. 1805. tf

### COACH MAKING

BY WYATT & REDD, On Main Street, above Mr Wilson's Tavern, Lexington, (K.)

Three or Four APPRENTICES Wanted

GENTLEMEN binding their sons to the above business, may depend on every pains being taken to improve their morals, as well as to instruct them in a genteel and profitable trade. No youth will be taken for a shorter time than five years, and his cloathing found for the three first, and well recommended.

This business is carried on in all its various branches, on a very extensive scale; and they pledge themselves to make good any defect in their work, gratis.

July 16, 1805. 6m.

### WAS STOLEN.

ON Monday the 7th day of October 1805, out of my pasture in Bourbon county,

A Dark Bay Mare, about fourteen hands high, eleven years old last Spring, branded on the near shoulder and buttock thus P.

She has been hurt on her right pattern joint, which has occasioned a fear, with white hairs around said fear; she has a number of fiddle spots, one or both of her fore feet white; she is a natural trotter. I will give Ten Dollars reward, to any person who will produce the mare and thief, or five for the mare. The said mare is supposed to be stolen by a man by the name of Robert Johnston, about five feet four inches high, a heavy built chunky fellow, with a fear on his left cheek, much addicted to drink, and speaks much of the Irish dialect, being a native of that country.

Charles Harper, October 15, 1805. 3w\*

In the Press, and will be published next week, the

KENTUCKY ALMANACK, For the Year 1806.

Merchants and others will be supplied on the usual terms.

### FOR SALE FOR CASH,

A Likely NEGRO MAN, ABOUT 25 or 26 years of age; he is an excellent sawyer, good oodler, and understands house business. Enquire of the Printer of the Kentucky Gazette.

JOHNSON'S POEMS

FOR SALE AT HIS OFFICE.

October 21, 1805.

### FOR SALE,

ONE five acre LOT, with a Two Story BRICK HOUSE, partly finished, and OIL MILL, and a BRICK YARD; a part of the ground is in a bearing orchard, lying about three quarters of a mile from Lexington court house, on the main Limestone road, leading from Lexington to Paris. For terms apply to John Leib, living on High-street in Lexington.

A valuable tract of LAND for sale for Cash.

CONSISTING of 600 acres in the state of Ohio, situated on the Miami River; the land is of the first quality, well timbered, a large bottom, on a small water course called Wolf creek, that makes through the whole of it; the land is directly opposite the town of Dayton; the most remote corner not more than a mile and a half from the town; it will be laid off in tracts of 200 acres to suit the purchasers. For terms apply to Doct. James Wells, of the town of Dayton, or John Bradford of Lexington, who are legally authorized to dispose of the said land—the title is indisputable.

JOHN DOWNING; RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he continues to keep a house of

ENTERTAINMENT, in the commodious frame house, on Main Street, opposite the Court house, at the sign of

THE BUFFALO; where he is prepared to accommodate Travellers, and others who may please to call on him, in the best manner. He is well provided with a variety of the best liquors his Bedding and other accommodations will be furnished equal to any in the Western Country. His Stable is well supplied with Hay, Oats, and Corn, and his Ostler particularly attentive, and careful. Those who are so obliging as to call on him, may rest assured that they shall receive the greatest attention, and every exertion will be made to make their situation agreeable. Private parties may be accommodated with a room undisturbed by the bustle of a tavern.

Lexington, April 20.

AD. S. BARTON & Co. Have opened, in the house lately occupied by LEWIS SANDERS, A HANDSOME and WELL CHOSEN ASSORTMENT of

MERCHANDISE; which they offer for sale, at the most reduced prices:

Consisting of

Best London superfine, common & coarse cloths,

Double milled drabs, Napped, twilled and plain coatings, of various colours, of various colours,

Carpeting and India matting,

Blankets, flannels and bazines, Bennet's patent cord, Cassimeres, Velvets, fancy & constitution cords,

Mersaills quilting, toilannets & swansdowns, Furniture cambricks, and common dimities, Lace, figured & plain, and glazed cambrick muslins,

Piquet and jannaped ditto, Plain and tamboored jaconet ditto, Book ditto, Superfine India and British, book, cambric & jaconet handkerchiefs,

Bandanna, Madras, linen and cotton ditto, India muslins and calicoes,

Tickings, Irish linen, diaper and damask table cloths,

Fashionable calicoes and chintzes, Umbrellas & parrasols Black satin,

Lutestring and mantuas of various colors, A variety of silk and other shawls,

Fancy trimmings, Fringe, elegant feathers and artificial flowers,

Fashionable English split straw bonnets, A handsome assortment of laces,

Silk, velvet and plush, various colours, Crape of ditto, School books and stationery,

A general assortment of Carpenters' & cabinet makers' tools,

binet makers' tools, do. of saddlery, do. of cutlery, Complete sets of saddlers' tools,

Locks, hinges, screws &c. Desk and bureau mounting, Kettled & other gun locks,

Fuellers' shears of the best quality, (White's manufacture.) Large scale beams & steel-yards,

Patent and copper teakettles, Octagon and oval tea-boards and waiters, Plated and silver rim castors,

Cut glass bottles, Brass andirons, shovels and tongs, Elegant looking glasses,

2 pair cut glass ornamental mantle lamps, Best London pewter, Anvils & best Bright vices,

Crawley steel, Window glass, Loaf sugar, coffee & chocolate,

Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, & Hyson skin, Alum, madder, copers, logwood,

Brimsone, ginger, allspice, pepper, Nutmegs, cinnamon and cloves,

White and red lead, Spanish brown and Prussian blue, French indigo, Port Wine,

Cogniac Brandy, Mackerel &c. &c. A very general assortment of

China, Queens', Cut and common Glass ware, Cotton & wool cards, &c. &c. &c.

A very general assortment of Carpenters' & cabinet makers' tools, &c. &c. &c.

Lexington, August 20, 1804.

JOHNSON'S POEMS

FOR SALE AT HIS OFFICE.

October 21, 1805.

### Madison Circuit set.

September Court 1805.

Robert and Andrew Porter, } Complainants.

Against

Aaron Lewis, Isaac Lewis, Thomas Lewis, and John Lewis, } Defendants.

### IN CHANCERY.

ON the motion of the Complainants by their Attorney—and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant John Lewis, is not an inhabitant of this state—it is therefore ordered by the Court, that unless the said defendant do appear here, on the first day of the next March Term, to shew cause, if any he can, why the complainants bill shall not be taken as confessed—and that a copy of this order be inserted in the Kentucky Gazette for two months, agreeable to an act of the General Assembly of Kentucky. &c.

A Copy. Test.

Will. Irvine, C. M. C. C.

### FOR SALE,

5,000 Acres of Land, LYING in the county of Henderson chiefly on the waters of Highland and Trade Water. I will sell the above land very low for cash, horses, beef, pork whiskey or flour. Any person wishing to purchase, will please apply to me, living near Robertson's Lick, in the aforesaid county.

John Hopkins. Sept. 3rd, 1805. tf

### THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RUN off from the subscriber, living in Frederick county, Virginia, about eleven months ago, a Mulatto fellow named

BOB,

aged about forty-eight years, five feet, eight or nine inches high, a blacksmith by trade, has a scar on his head about the size of a dollar or rather larger, which is not covered with hair; he is extremely fond of liquor, and insolent when drunk; was purchased of Mr. James Ware, near Lexington, Kentucky, about twelve years ago, and taken to Virginia—He has no doubt obtained a pass from some worthless person, as he could not have got to Kentucky without one. Any person taking the said fellow and securing him in any jail, or delivering him to Mr. Wilton in Lexington, shall be entitled to the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid by

JAMES HEARD. May 1st, 1805.

### RAYED from the subscriber in Lexington on the 11th inst, a Bright

BAY HORSE,

About fourteen hands 3 inches high, with a black mane and tail, three years old last spring, no brand or mark that I recollect, except long bobbed tail, shod before, a natural trotter. Any person taking up the said horse and delivering him to me, shall be generously rewarded and all expenses paid.

Eng'd. Yeiser. Lexington, September 16, 1805.

### TOBACCO MANUFACTORY.

JACOB LAUDEMAN, INFORMS his friends and the public in general, that he continues his

Tobacco Manufactory, in Lexington on Main Street, nearly opposite Wilson's Inn, where he has furnished himself with all necessary tools, and slaves of his own, so that he can manufacture about twenty or thirty thousand weight of Tobacco a year, by which means he is enabled to sell on the lowest terms for cash, or he will give from three to nine months credit, on giving bond with approved security; he will also take orders in some good store in Lexington, for goods. Persons applying, may be furnished with the following kinds of Tobacco viz.

Chewing, in twists, pigtail of different kinds, smoking tobacco of different kinds, cut and in papers, segars, scotch and rappee snuff of different kinds. The whole of which he will warrant equal if not superior to any manufactured in the state

Lexington, Oct. 17, 1805.

N. B. A good price will be given for one or two hogheads of good Kitefoot tobacco. Any person wishing to purchase, can be supplied with tobacco of the different kinds, at the store of Joseph Hudson opposite the Court House in Lexington.

### WHEREAS my wife Elizabeth

has left my bed and board without any just cause, this is therefore to forewarn all persons from crediting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting, after the date hereof.

James Johnston. October 21, 1805. 3p

### NOTICE.

DRS. S. BROWN, & E. WARFIELD, continue to practice

MEDICINE

In partnership, in Lexington and its vicinity; Dr. S. BROWN will continue his residence in the brick house adjoining Mr. William Leavy's Store—Dr. E. WARFIELD has removed to the large brick house formerly the property of Dr. F. Ridgely, and lately occupied by Mr. John W. Hunt.

April 4th, 1805.

MACCOUN & TILFORD, Have received, and are now opening at their

STORE, on Main Street, A Large and Elegant assortment, of well chosen, CHEAP

Merchandise, 16

AND STATIONERY, Carefully selected in Philadelphia, out of this year's Importation from Europe, and the East and West Indies; they also keep a constant supply of MANNS LICK SALT, best Pennsylvania BARR IRON, NAILS, WINDOW-GLASS, PAINTS, and every Imported material for building; which they are determined to sell at the lowest prices for CASH.

Lexington, July 21st, 1805. tf

### Eagle Tavern.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has lately opened a

HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT, in that large, commodious building, on Main Street, lately occupied by the Bank, and formerly the property of Dr. F. Ridgely, where he is prepared to accommodate travellers, and others who may be so obliging as to call on him, in the best manner. He is constantly supplied with the most genuine liquors of different kinds; his bedding is extensive, and attended to with care. And from the size of his stable, he is in hopes to render it as commodious as any in the state; and as he will always keep on hand a large quantity of hay, oats, and corn, together with a good ostler, he flatters himself, that he will be enabled to accommodate his visitants in every manner that may suit their convenience.

WILLIAM T. TERWHITE. Lexington, April 20, 1805. tf

### FULLING MILL.

THE Subscriber takes this method of informing the public, that he has lately built a Fulling Mill on Stoner, between Hutchcraft's and Smith's mills, and is now ready to do any kind of fulling his customers may please to favour him with, in the speediest and best manner, and upon very reasonable terms. He will dye any colors that are usually dyed in this country. To accommodate his customers, he will receive cloth at Mount Sterling at the house of Andrew Biggs, on the first Monday in every month, and at Paris on the third Monday in every month at the house of Wm. Scott merchant; and will return the cloth dressed at the following cost.

John M. Millen. Dec. 1, 1804. 12m

### STATE OF KENTUCKY.

Fayette Circuit, sct.

September Term 1805.

Thomas Lewis, Compt.

AGAINST,

James M'Dowell, William Stewart and Sarah his wife, Administrators of Joseph M'Clain dec. and Joseph M'Clain, James M'Clain, and Ann M'Clain, children and heirs of the said Joseph M'Clain dec. Defendants.

In Chancery.

On the motion of the Complainant, it is ordered that James M'owell be assigned Guardian to defend the infant heirs in this cause. And it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the Defendants William Stewart and Sarah his wife, and Joseph, James and Ann M'Clain, are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth. It is ordered that the said defendants do appear here on the third day of our next March Term, and answer the Complainants bill, and that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized paper according to Law.

A Copy Teste

Thos. Bodley, C. F. C. C.

ALL persons are hereby forwarded, from purchasing or taking an assignment, on an obligation given by me to Pierce White of Madison county, for certain work, such as getting shingles, covering a house, hewing logs &c. The obligation was given 25th July last, and was in part consideration of a tract of land, but never having received a title to said land, I am determined not to pay said obligation, until a title is made to said land, agreeable to a survey made by Jones Hoy, for said Pierce White.

2w Moses Henry. Clark city, Oct. 17, 1805.



AN ADDRESS  
Of the Trustees of the Transylvania  
University, to the Public.

Transylvania University, Lexington.  
THE Trustees of the Transylvania University, are happy to announce to the public, the prosperous condition of the Seminary committed to their direction. It is also with uncommon satisfaction, they inform the public, that they have procured an Apparatus for Experimental Philosophy. Most of the articles, such as could be procured in America, have already come forward, and are of a superior quality. A few articles, such as an Orrery, &c. which could not be procured in the Atlantic States, the Trustees have sent to Europe for, and expect them with the fall arrivals. When these come to hand, the apparatus may be considered complete.

To the apparatus hitherto usual at seminaries of learning, the Trustees have thought proper to add the essential parts of a chemical apparatus, together with a galvanic battery. The library, which formerly consisted of about 1500 volumes, has also received an addition of some of the latest and most useful publications on various subjects.

The Trustees, deeply impressed with the necessity of having the means of instruction in the Western country, have made the foregoing arrangements; and have exerted themselves to the utmost of their funds; and are now happy in affording the public, that it is their opinion, that a liberal education can be obtained in this state with as much facility and certainty as any where else in America, and certainly with much less expence.

The establishment of the University, consists of a President, and two Professors; and the French Language will continue to be taught, so long as a suitable person can be procured, for the accommodation of such as may be desirous of learning that language.

The Trustees thought it their duty, to give the public at large this information, respecting the institution itself—They have a few communications which they beg leave to make to parents and guardians, who may be disposed to send their sons to the University.

Provision is made for the reception of young men who do not design to complete a regular course of education. They do sincerely lament that this mode of education, so generally prevails: and do earnestly recommend, that the plan of education be greatly enlarged. But when young men are sent to the University, designing only a partial course of study, they should be sent, if possible, at the commencement of the spring session, as the junior class in the University, will be studying the mathematics during the summer, whereas their winters will be devoted to philosophy.

The spring session commences on the first Monday in May, and the fall session the first Monday in November and great care should be taken that all the students be present at the very beginning of the term: a few days absence will subject them to considerable loss, and the Professors to great inconveniences.

No student can be admitted into the University, until he has produced a satisfactory certificate of his good moral conduct.

To those who are only taking a partial course of education, such a certificate shall be given, when they leave the University, as their progress shall justify, signed by the President.

The course of study pursued at the University by those who aim at a liberal education, and seeking degrees, is as follows; Virgil, Horace, Cicero, Xenophon, and Homer, Geography, Logic, Algebra, Geometry, Surveying, Navigation, Conic Sections, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Astronomy, Chronology, and the general principles of History, Moral Philosophy, including Politics, and the leading principles of Jurisprudence, English Grammar, Rhetoric, Belles Lettres, and Criticism.

It has been, hitherto, the practice with many parents, to send their sons to this University, to do what they call study the sciences. Such are continued, often, no longer than six months. The trustees take the liberty of saying, that this is a very unhappy arrangement, & can never accomplish any thing very valuable. It frequently happens that just as a young man's mind is opening to receive instruction he is removed.

The Trustees, impressed with the truth of the foregoing remark, have thought proper to recommend, that no student be sent to the University, from which we have translated

sylvania University for a shorter term than one year.

The price of tuition is, £6 for scientific students, and £4 for students of the languages, per annum, which is to be paid quarterly, in advance.

The Trustees beg leave to inform the public, that the necessary expences of this University for one year, including boarding, tuition, the use of the library, and firing for the recitation room, does not exceed 110 dollars—beyond this, parents are earnestly requested, to be very sparing in granting money to their sons. Yet even this will have very little effect, if young men are permitted to contract what debts they may think proper. Such debts should not be contracted, and if contracted should not be paid. They have found by long experience, that nothing is so pernicious to the morals and industrious habits of students as unlimited credit, or large remittances of money.

The Trustees consider the moral conduct and principles of youth sent to the University, as a matter of the last consequence. Upon this subject, every possible care will be taken; and as many of the corporation as live in Lexington or its vicinity, will embrace every prudent opportunity of co-operating with the constituted authorities of the University, as guardians to the young men; and will not fail to advise, admonish, and reprove as circumstances may require.

It has been, and shall still be, the care of the Trustees and professors, to guard against the baneful influence of sceptical principles; and while they carefully prevent the inculcation of the peculiar opinions of any Christian sect, they feel themselves bound to see, that the grand leading doctrines and duties of Christianity be warmly inculcated, both by precept and example.

The Trustees have also provided, that on proper application, a certain number of students may every year, receive their education in the Transylvania University gratis.

But the regular method of obtaining a gratis standing, shall be as follows: a certificate, signed by two of the justices of the peace, for the county in which the applicant has resided for the last twelve months, must be produced to the chairman of the standing committee, certifying that the applicant has a good moral character, and that his circumstances, or that of his parents or guardians, if he has any, are such as cannot afford him all the support which is necessary in going through a liberal course of education—the applicant shall then appear before the Faculty, who, upon examination on the progress which he has already made in any branches of learning, are to judge of his talents; and if upon examination, satisfaction is given, he may be received.

It is also determined, that students thus received, shall in every other respect, be under the same regulations, and enjoy the same privileges with the other students, and may continue in the University on this footing for two years.—It being always understood, that if any gratis student does not make his appearance in the course of a month after the beginning of a session, his place is vacated, except he has been detained by sickness.

The number of students thus admitted, shall not exceed one for every fifteen who are admitted in the common method, until the whole number of the students in the University shall be 112.—When this number is made up, the proportions between the gratis and other students may be as 1 to 10.

Finally, the Trustees will acknowledge with due sentiments, their obligations to those authors who may furnish the University with a copy of their works; and to every inventor or improver of an useful machine, who may bestow on it a model and explanation of his invention or improvement. All specimens, likewise, calculated to illustrate natural history, and all specimens of elegant execution in the fine arts, shall be thankfully received.

Published by order of the board,  
JAMES TROTTER,  
Chm. B. T. T. U.  
Teste, W. L. McALLA Clk.  
October 10th, 1805.

The News-paper printers in the U. S. favorable to liberal education, will please to insert the above.

SALEM, OCT. 1.  
Capt. Penn Townsend, who came

passenger with Capt. Lander from Bordeaux, and arrived here on Sunday evening, has obliged us with French papers to the 20th of August, from which we have translated

the following official account of the late naval action.

PARIS, August 12.  
To the Minister of Marine.  
On board the Emperor's ship, the Bucentaure, 8 Thermidor (27th July) year 13, 40 leagues WSW of Cape Finisterre.

I have the honor to inform your excellency, that the combined fleets failed from Martinique on the 19th Prarial.

On the 20th Messidor, bearing off Cape Finisterre, the wind blowing violently from ENE. and from NE. I experienced a severe gale. The main-top mast of the Indomptable was carried away, and the fleet considerably damaged in its sails and rigging. The wind having abated, though still blowing from the same quarters, I continued without making any head way to struggle against contrary winds till the 3d Thermidor, when I perceived an enemy's fleet of 21 sail.

I immediately formed the line of battle on the larboard tack. Admiral Gravina made signal to the Spanish Squadron to form the van, while he himself prepared to take command of the combined fleet. The atmosphere was extremely foggy: we bore down upon the enemy which was also steering towards us in the offing, with the apparent intention of getting to windward of our rear, and thus placing between two fires by a counter manoeuvre before the wind. As soon as I perceived that they were getting to leeward, I made signal to veer to windward by a counter movement.

The fog continued to increase—as soon as my signal had reached Admiral Gravina, he resolutely hastened to execute it, and was followed in succession by the rest of the Squadron—as soon as he got up with the rear, he began the attack upon the enemy, which had already begun to tack to the windward. But the fog by this time had become so thick that I could no longer perceive anything, and it was with difficulty that each vessel saw the one next a-head.

The cannonading was successively continued nearly the whole length of the line—we directed our shot for the most part by the enemy's fire, which was indeed our only guide. It was not till the combat was ended that in a momentary flash I perceived to the larboard a vessel bearing a Spanish flag which was sailing under her lower sails, her topmasts being shivered. Near her were two vessels belonging to the enemy, one of which was entirely dismasted, and the other a three decker, and lost her mizen top mast, and was besides much damaged, both making for the rear—the vessel that had lost her masts appeared to be in great confusion, and was with difficulty kept afloat by all her pumps.

The van and rear of the Squadron were at this time totally enveloped with fog, which prevented me from making any movement, tho' I was sensible the advantage was all on our side.

There was no more firing the rest of the evening—the squadrons remained in sight of each other during the night, making signals for succour. I conjectured, however, that the enemy was steering off. By day break they had fallen far to leeward. Our part of the Squadron behaved with great intrepidity, and those of Admiral Gravina evinced a determination to follow and begin the combat again, and the more so, as when day light appeared, we perceived that two Spanish ships were missing, the Firme and St. Raphael. I ordered the fleet once more to clear for action, and to fall to larboard, and bear down upon the enemy. But the wind backing, and the swell of the sea being great, I found it impossible, during the whole day, to bring on the action as I wished though the enemy were all the time in sight.

We were busied all the following night in putting the fleet in order, that we might be ready to recommence the action at the break of day.

As soon as it was light, I bore down upon the enemy, which was at a great distance, and by their fires of fall seemed to avoid an engagement. Finding it impossible to bring on a renewal of the action, I thought it most prudent not to wander further from my destination, and to effect, conformably to my instructions, a junction with the Squadron at Ferrol. We still experienced contrary winds from the N. E. and E. N. E. which yesterday blew a hurricane.

I have been able to obtain no other information than this of the two Spanish ships missing. Captain Cosmao, of his Imperial Majesty's ship, Plugo, has informed me, that in the beginning of the action, the Firme

lost both her masts, main and mizen; that he had covered her as long as he could see her in the fog.

As for the St. Raphael, it is certain that she was not dismasted: but this vessel being a bad sailer, and drawing much water, fell to leeward, and we lost sight of her the first night.

I could not ascertain the force of the enemy, owing to the thick and incessant fog; but the day after the engagement, I perceived 14 vessels, 3 of which were three deckers, all which appeared to be much injured, and, if it is true as the captain of the Dido informed me, who had carefully observed the hostile fleet previous to the engagement, that it was composed of 15 ships, there can be little doubt that one of them has been sunk. Your excellency will be persuaded, as I am, that this action has terminated honourably for the combined arms, and if it had not been for the fog, as impenetrable as it was lasting, which favoured the manoeuvring and retreat of the enemy they would not have escaped our vengeance, and a decisive overthrow.

I have not yet been able to ascertain the number of killed and wounded, but believe they will be found to be inconsiderable. I have to regret the loss of Capt. Perrone, of his Imperial Majesty's ship the Intrepide, who was killed. Capt. Randall, of the Atlas, received a wound. I hope to have the honor of transmitting immediately more detailed accounts of the engagement.

I pray your Excellency to accept the assurance of my respects.  
VILLENEUVE.

Another letter from Admiral Villeneuve, dated at Vigo, 10th Thermidor (July 29) acknowledges the loss of the two Spanish ships, which he supposes might have drifted, in their disabled state, into the enemy's line, in the midst of the fog, which was so thick as to prevent his perceiving it, and affording them succour. The two days following the battle, he professes to have endeavoured in vain to renew it with the English, who as assiduously avoided it. On the 7th Thermidor, perceiving his enemy no longer, he directed his course for Ferrol; but contrary winds determined him to anchor at Vigo, from whence, after landing his wounded, &c. and getting water, he should sail again in quest of the English Squadron. The loss on board the French ships he states at 44 killed, 95 wounded. On board the Spanish (exclusive of the two taken) 11 killed, 21 wounded.

A letter from Rear Admiral Gourdon, to the Minister of war, dated at Ferrol, 14 Thermidor (Aug. 2) announces, that the combined fleet had just anchored at Corunna—that the English Squadron of 13 sail of the line had re-appeared off Ferrol for three days before; but on the appearance of Admiral Villeneuve had drawn off again.

By a Paris paper of Aug. 20, we perceive the Porte has recently concluded a treaty with Russia, by which it is stipulated, that the former shall have the free navigation of the Phasis in Mingrelia, and that the Russians shall occupy two forts on that river, in order to protect the navigation.

Our other French papers are filled with bombastic details of Admiral Villeneuve's victory over the English fleet off Cape Finisterre. They contain but little worth transcribing. Whatever there is, we shall prepare for our next.

HAGUE, August 6.  
The fleet will be ready to sail the day after to-morrow. Rear Admiral Kikert commands under Vice Admiral De Winter.

GREENOCK, August 27.  
Dispatches from India, of a very interesting nature, were received by government, on Friday. By these, we are sorry to learn, that the fortress of Bhurtpore, had been attacked five different times by the forces under Lord Lake; in all which assaults our troops had been repulsed with considerable loss, amounting to 3000 men killed and wounded, of whom 105 were officers. The dispatches state, that Lord Lake had attacked Bhurtpore under great disadvantages, which, however, had been removed before the vessel bearing them left India, and another attack was mentioned, which, it was thought by those concerned in it, could hardly prove unsuccessful.

NEW-YORK, October 3.  
Late from Europe.  
By the ship Factor, Captain Caldwell, in forty-one days from Greenock, (arrived yesterday at the port of New-York) Stevenson and William Sanderlin, proprietors of this Gazette have received the late news from the 11th May last, being several days later than the accounts before received from the same source. An official account had been received by the English Admiralty of the French and Spanish fleets having put into Ferrol, and that they had increased their force Oct. 29, 1805.

to thirty-seven sail of the line. Several unsuccessful attempts to form the fortress of Bhurtpore, in the East Indies, were made by General Lake. In these actions General Lake lost 3000 men.

LONDON, August 14.  
The state of preparations upon the enemy's coast, and the positive orders issued to the regular army, and volunteers, combined with the opinion of professional men, all tend to impress the idea that the danger of invasion is greater than at any former period. The orders given to the volunteers are prompt and decisive.

The Naiade frigate fell in with the Rochefort Squadron, on the 7th inst. about 25 leagues off Ushant, & exchanged a few shot with one of its frigates; but by skillful manoeuvres escaped. The Naiade afterwards joined the Squadron of Lord Cornwallis.

The two newspapers published at Bordeaux have been suppressed, in consequence of some observations in both relative to the destination of the combined squadrons.

Yesterday morning Madame Jerome Bonaparte paid a visit to the Bank, accompanied by a gentleman and a lady. She was received with marked attention and politeness, and shown the various offices. The name of the fair visitor becoming known, some hundreds of persons assembled to see her return to her carriage, which waited at the front of the building. The spectators were, however, greatly disappointed in not being permitted to see her face, which she concealed by her veil; and no sooner was she seated in her carriage, than the blinds were let down.

August 16.  
We have at length obtained authentic, but unpleasing information, in regard to the combined French and Spanish Squadrons. Yesterday at half past 7 P. M. his majesty's ship Hero, of 74 guns, Capt. Gardner, arrived at Portsmouth with dispatches from Sir Robert Calder, stating that the combined fleet had got into Ferrol. With the ships which joined them at sea, and those lying in that port, they consisted of 37 sail of the line, Sir R. Calder has joined Lord Cornwallis off Brest.

In confirmation of the above, the following Bulletin was this morning sent to Lloyd's Coffee-House:

Admiralty Office, August 16.  
"The combined Squadrons of the enemy are stated to have arrived at Ferrol."

August 17.  
Admiral Russell in the Majestic arrived in Yarmouth roads, from off the Texel, on Friday. Government, however, having the same day received some information relative to the movements of the enemy in that quarter, dispatched orders to the Admiral immediately to resume his station.

A letter of which the following is an extract, was yesterday morning received from an officer on board one of the frigates cruising off the Texel, dated the 13th inst.

"Every day more fully convinces me of the intention of the enemy to attempt sending their fleet to sea from the Texel. This morning we boarded a neutral from whom we learn, that they have already embarked a large body of troops, and that several more are ready for the like purpose. Their ships consist of two of 80 guns (on board one of which Admiral Winter has hoisted his flag as commander in chief) two 74's and three 64's, with nearly two hundred transports. The number of troops that are embarked is stated to be two thousand five hundred cavalry, and one thousand four hundred infantry, added to which, they have five thousand quite ready to go on board."

The Russian envoy with a suite of 28 persons, arrived in different post chaises on Tuesday night—the chaises followed each other in such rapid succession, that the whole vicinity was in commotion, and his excellency seemed much delighted at the hearty reception he experienced from the populace.

LONDON, August 17.  
THE COMBINED SQUADRONS.  
Courier-Office, One O'Clock.

We have just received the following more particular and accurate information, which enables us to make some corrections to the statement we have given in a preceding column, and to throw some clearer light upon the subject:

We understand that the whole of the information which government have received from Admiral Cornwallis amounts to this:—

A letter was brought by the Hero, which was under orders to proceed to England to be repaired, in which he states that Admiral Stirling, who had been ordered by Sir R. Calder to reform the blockade of Rochefort, had joined him, on his arrival at Rochefort, found that the enemy had sailed. The letter says further, we hear, that Sir Robert had judged it expedient to proceed to the grand rendezvous off Ushant, and was then in sight, on the 11th, having as is stated, discovered that the combined fleets had put into Ferrol and Corunna. But Sir Robert had not actually joined at that time, and further particulars have arrived by those stated above. It is not known by government when the combined fleets got in. Ferrol is a large port, and it is difficult to ascertain the exact amount of the force in it. It was upon the dispatch from Admiral Cornwallis, we understand, that the word, stated, was made use of in the Bulletin to Lloyd's.

ALL PERSONS  
ARE hereby forewarned from taking an Affirmation on a bare given by me to William Pierce, for 50 l. others, with William Stevenson and William Sanderlin, proprietors of this Gazette. The Note was given on the 11th May last, and payable on several days in December next. On the Note there is a credit for 20 Dollars. The above Note having been unjustly obtained, I am determined not to pay the same, unless compelled by law.  
James Duncanson.  
27





"True to his charge—  
He comes, the Herald of a noisy world,  
News from all nations lumbering at his back."

LEXINGTON, OCTOBER 3.

Twenty-two Counties in Pennsylvania, give M'Kean a majority over Snyder, for Governor, of 6255 votes. Those are the only counties from which we have received returns.

Yesterday the Fall Races commenced in this town, four mile heats. Two horses only started, and the result was,

Bibb's b. m. entered by  
Maj. Strehleley, 1 1  
Alford's g. f. by Col.  
Buford, 2 2

**CRUELTY!** We are informed that a son of Mr. Stapp of Woodford, had his throat cut by a negro a few weeks since. The particulars, as related to us, are as follow:—As the boy was going to school he was stopped by a negro, who took from him his basket of provisions, forced him to lie down in such a manner that he could not observe him go away, and charged him not to make known the affair. A few evenings after when returning from school accompanied by a little girl, he was again stopped by a negro, who cut his throat in a most shocking manner. At first some hopes were entertained of his recovery, but he died in a few days. Whether this was the same wretch who interrupted the lad before, is not known; he is said to be a runaway, and is now going at large.

Ind. Gaz.

We announce the death of the Rev. Jos. Waddell, of the county of Albemarle. In this great and good man centered every thing that is calculated for social and domestic life. He was a man of virtue, talents and eloquence; an affectionate and indulgent husband, father and master, and though for many years he has labored under the influence of a palsy and for 8 or 10 years blind, he still continued to discharge his religious duties in the pulpit. Mr. Waddell is the eloquent Preacher, of whom the British Spy has spoken in such animated strains.—*Enquirer*

DOVER, August 14.—"Yesterday the Robert, of and from Baltimore, came in here. This vessel is to convey back to America the Lady of Jerome Bonaparte, whose return to Dover is daily expected."

### SHOCKING.

From the Boston Magazine of the 21st ultimo.

A letter from Stockbridge to the Editors, dated the 14th instant, says, "If you think proper, you may mention in your paper, that a man (I may with more propriety say a monster in human form,) by the name of Ephraim Wheeler, of Windford, in this county, this day received the dreadful sentence of DEATH, at the Supreme Judicial Court, now sitting at Lenox, for committing the abominable, disgraceful, unnatural, and unheard of crime, of a Rape! on the body of his own Daughter! a girl of only 12 years of age!—It appeared in evidence, that this was the third time that he attempted the same crime: the two latter times he succeeded, the first he did not. I attended the trial—it lasted 14 hours—the crime was fully and substantially proved, to the satisfaction of almost every one; (there were at least 1000 spectators,) though Wheeler yet persists in his innocence. The Jury without leaving their seats, pronounced him GUILTY. This is, probably, the only instance of the kind, that has ever occurred since the world began. Well might the Judge exclaim, when pronouncing the sentence of the law, that he (Wheeler,) 'had added a new crime to the catalogue of crimes,' or words to this effect. The Gentleman whom I employed to take minutes of the trial, has just informed me, that he believes he can make out a complete 'Report of the trial,' for publication."

### COMMUNICATION.

As to the Spanish Spoiliations, we can pay ourselves. There are Gentlemen now in the city from the Westward, who will make contracts whenever Congress will authorize it, to pay every just claim of our citizens upon them, and will engage to do it free of any expense to the United States, and also, not to injure any private property in Mexico.

Phil. pap.

BOSTON, October 4.

**LORD NELSON'S FLEET.**  
We have seen a letter from an officer of Lord Nelson's fleet, dated August 31, in Lat. 43° 35', long. 10°. The fleet had proceeded from Gibraltar off Cadiz,

where fresh instructions were received, and Lord Nelson made the signal to steer for Bantry Bay—which course the fleet was pursuing, when a frigate spoke with the Admiral, who, in consequence of the information received, determined to put into a port in England: whether he was proceeding. It was conjectured that Lord Nelson would shift his flag to the Superb and remain a short time in port, unless the Brest fleet should escape from their harbour.

By last evening's Mail, we received a Boston paper (Repository,) of October 11, which has London dates as late as the 26th of August. They confirm in a measure, the opinion entertained by our cis-Atlantic politicians, that a continental war would be brought about by England. We lament the necessity of a war at any time, and much at the present moment, when according to their own accounts, it is not to be common warfare, but an exterminating contest.—The Bear of the North, and the Lion of the South, against the Tyger of Galia, each assisted by a number of minor Pups. Some of whom it is to be feared, will be very roughly tounded, ere they can get out of battle-royal. Lord Nelson was in London on the 22d of August, attending at the Admiralty, having left his fleet on the South-West coast of Ireland.

(Ohio Herald.)

Governor TIFFIN has been re-elected by at least nine-tenths of the votes of the State.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.

A letter is received in town this morning, dated London the 13th of August, mentioning that in consequence of a remonstrance to the British government, by Mr. Munroe, the American Minister, that government had suspended their late order for the detention of American vessels bound to an enemies' port with the produce of an enemies' colonies, for THREE MONTHS,—at the end of which time they were determined rigidly to enforce the order.

NEW-YORK, October 3.

Our London papers of the 17th of August, received from Captain Schoville, of the ship General Hamilton, from Liverpool, express their disappointment at the combined fleets having escaped them and got into Ferrol; and throw some censure upon the conduct of Sir Robert Calder, for not re-engaging the French fleet.—One of the papers says, "We are almost tempted to think, that Sir Robert Calder should have risked a battle at any rate," and again, "It is necessary, upon every account, that the most serious inquiry should be instituted."

The President called a special meeting of the heads of departments on the morning of the 4th inst. supposed to take into consideration certain transactions of foreign nations, preparatory to the meeting of congress.

NEW-ORLEANS, September 17.  
Extract of a letter from the Post-Master at Fort Stoddert, to the Post-Master in this city, dated August 31, 1805.

SIR,  
I the day before yesterday received information that the north eastern mail for this place and New-Orleans, was, on the 18th current, robbed or lost near the Tuckabatch towns (Creek Nation) and that Webb, mail carrier was shot through the body, after which he mounted his horse and rode four miles to White's (the frontier house,) where my informant left him the day following, at the point of death.

The mail, it is stated, weighed about 500 lbs. which being letters only, the loss must be considerable.

I have put up a letter in yesterday's mail containing this account, but as no carrier has yet called for the mail, conclude to send this via Mobile, that you may give early publicity to the account, for the information of those concerned. I have employed a Mr. Mordecai, to search for the mail, and as he is well acquainted with the Indians in the vicinity of the place where the outrage was committed, I have hopes that he will succeed. Mordecai is the person employed by Webb, to bring me the account of his misfortune.

Extract of a letter from the Collector at Fort Stoddert, to the Collector of this port, dated the 2d inst.

"The N. Eastern mail for this place and N. Orleans, which was lost in the Creek nation on the 18th of the last month, was since found; and has been received at this office. The Portmanteaux were cut open; one of which is found to be empty, and the other to contain about 15 or 20 lbs. of packages for New-Orleans, several of which to your address, from the Treasury Department, several of the packages of letters I found loose, which I have put under new covers, and shall forward them per mail immediately—and should the waters be impassable (as have lately been the case) I shall send the mail via Mobile and the lake, by the first opportunity."

We do not charge the Spaniards with this murder and robbery, but leave our readers to determine who want to know the contents of the mail, the Spaniards or the Indians!

### New-Orleans Price Current.

Wholesale Prices Current, in Dollars & Cents.  
French Weight & Measure, except in Selling Liquors by Wholesale.

Sept. 20.

| ARTICLES.               | FROM D. C. | TO D. C. |
|-------------------------|------------|----------|
| Bacon,                  | none       | 11       |
| Country Bricks,         | 10         | 11       |
| Butter, lb.             | 18         | 25       |
| Beef, country bbl.      | 9          | 10       |
| Bread, ship cwt.        | 8          |          |
| Pilot,                  | 11         |          |
| Middling fac.           | 8          |          |
| Candles, mould lb.      | 22         | 25       |
| Dipt, single box.       | 15         |          |
| Cotton, lb. scarce      | 22         | 23       |
| Cotton bagging,         |            |          |
| Thick and heavy,        | 30         | 40       |
| 5-4 wide, ell           | 40         | 45       |
| Cheefe American, lb.    | none       |          |
| Corn in the ear, bbl.   | 1          | 25       |
| Cordage, for cwt.       | 14         | 16       |
| Kentucky,               | 9          | 10       |
| Corn meal, bbl.         |            | 3        |
| Flour, Atl. superfine   | none       |          |
| Monongahela,            | 8          | 9        |
| Kentucky,               | 7          | 8        |
| Gun powder, lb.         | 44         | 50       |
| Hemp, cwt.              |            |          |
| Hogs' lard, lb.         | 18         | 20       |
| Irish potatoes, bbl.    | none       |          |
| Lumber, 1000 feet       |            |          |
| Cypress plank,          | 30         | 40       |
| Walnut,                 | 25         | 30       |
| Cherry,                 | 25         | 30       |
| Pork,                   | 12         | 14       |
| Salt-Petre refined, lb. |            | 22       |
| Coarse,                 |            | 17       |
| Soap, brown             | 13         | 15       |
| White,                  | 18         | 20       |
| Staves, hhd. & p. M. 25 |            | 30       |
| Fallow, lb.             | 12         | 16       |
| Tar,                    | 1          | 75       |
| Tobacco, cwt.           | 6          | 50       |
| In carrots of 56 lb.    | 25         | 50       |
| Twine, lb.              | 50         | 60       |
| Wax, bees'              |            | 25       |
| Whiskey, gal.           | 50         | 75       |

LONDON, August 11.

The preparations for war in Russia are of the most active and decided character.—Immense numbers of horses have been purchased for the transport of artillery and baggage; the magazines on the German and Polish frontiers are filling with stores; the troops in camp, and most of those in garrison, have received instructions to hold themselves in readiness to march.

The attack on Gibraltar by two hundred bomb and gun vessels, the latter fitted with furnaces for throwing red-hot shot, is according to the Spanish accounts, to be attempted in the course of the present month. An assault on the land side by twenty thousand Spaniards, and ten thousand French, at the same time, is also mentioned.

August 16.

It is with regret we have to announce that the Combined Squadrons have got into Ferrol and Corunna. This intelligence, produced this morning a depression of the funds.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 15.

We have in another part of this paper noticed, that accounts from Hamburg state the sale of Sweden, Pomerania to Russia. The bargain and sale of the subjects is undoubtedly an infamous traffic, degrading to human nature, not at all congenial to the well known disposition of the Emperor Alexander, and of which no man of justice or philanthropy can approve: but for other reasons, perhaps more cogent than these, we are inclined to think the story has been rather too hastily taken up by the London papers. Russia may assume the sovereignty of Tartar hordes, without opposition; she may shake the Persian throne, and extend her dominion to the Arabian sea, and to the wall of China, without fear; she may even establish on the Phasis, and in the Islands of the Mediterranean, without exciting the jealousy of the powers of Europe; but no part of the Germanic Empire can be disposed of, or its sovereignty transferred, without the formal sanction of the Head of the Empire, and the Diet of Ratisbon. Instead, therefore, of conciliating Austria, or the other States by such a measure, both Russia and Sweden would, by its illegality, render them altogether unfriendly to their views. It is said, indeed, that Sweden is incapable of maintaining the sovereignty of Pomerania, against the designs of France, and that the possession of it, would give to Russia the right of taking part in the affairs, and acting for the benefit of the Empire. But Pomerania would be equally secure, by placing it under the protection of Russia; and surely Alexander would not wish to have what would at best be a disputable title to interfere, possessing as he now does, one which is completely recognized; in his capacity of guarantee of the peace of the Empire. Indeed under every point of view, the statement is unworthy of credit, and is, in fact,

nothing but the revival of a report, which was in circulation at Hamburg, to far back as the middle of last May.

(Self's Phil. Gazette.)

Extract from the Journal of a Balloonist.

Passing a cloud, I put out my hand, and took a piece of it, and squeezed it like a sponge, and the water ran out. The sun went North about; but never set. At the distance of about fifty leagues above earth, we saw a white bird sitting on the corner of a cloud. We took it to be one of Mahomet's Pigeons. If we had had a gun we could have shot it. Passing by the moon, we saw a fellow felling land at auction. He wished us to give a bid, but we told him we had not come to buy lands in the moon. We came across a comet, but it was asleep. It looked like a tarapin, but had a tail like a fox.

We came near a hail bank, and filled a hat to bring down with us. The hail stones were about as large as a pigeon's egg.

A thousand miles from the earth, we passed through a field of turkey buzzards. This would seem to be their region; and accounts for the circumstance, that no one has ever found a nest of one of these. These rookeries are out of sight in the atmosphere.

As we approached one of the heavenly bodies, it appeared like an Island. We struck upon a planet, but Blanchard got out and pushed off the balloon. We supposed it to be Mercury, as we heard orators haranguing, and a multitude of tongues.

There were marriages going on in Venus, and in Mars we heard the drum beat.

In Jupiter we heard swearing—Oh Jupiter! by Jupiter! etc.

We meant to have a pull at one of Saturn's rings, but were blown off the coast, and found ourselves in the latitude of Herschel. Provisions failing, we thought proper to shape our course to the earth again.

The first thing we saw, was the forest of Ardennes, which appeared like a shamrock. The Pyrenean mountains seemed like a bed of parsley, and the Atlantic Ocean about as large as Loch Swilly.

Within about a league of the earth, Blanchard gave me the parachute, and I came down.

### 40 DOLLARS REWARD.

TRAYED or stolen, on Friday or Saturday night last, from the farm of the subscriber, in one mile of Woodford Court House, with

### A BAY HORSE;

About 14 hands 2 or 3 inches high, in good order, and fluid all round: he is a coarse, fleshy heavy horse, with a large flat in his forehead, and as well as I remember, two hind, and one fore foot white; switch tail, and thick bushy mane; paces and canters well for a horse of his appearance—I will give the above reward for the horse, on conviction of the thief, or ten Dollars for the horse alone.

Berj. Temple.

Oct. 28, 1805.

### WOODSON WREN,

HAS removed his STORE to Mr. Geo. TEGARD N's Framed House, on Main Street, next door to Messrs. Saml. & Geo. Trotter's Store; where he will continue to keep

### A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF

### GOODS,

Suitable for this Market.

He is authorized by Joseph Charles, to sell his BOOKS in the same house, where his customers may be supplied as usual. Students may be supplied here with CLASSICAL BOOKS on the lowest terms.

Lexington, October 29, 1805.

### Pittsburgh Warehouse.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has erected a large and commodious

### WAREHOUSE,

On the bank of the Monongahela River, at the mouth of Wood Street, near to Mr. William Morrow's Tavern, which is now ready for the reception of any GOODS that may be directed to him. He flatters himself from the knowledge he has of this business, the convenient situation of the House, and the moderate prices he intends charging for Storage, to meet the patronage of a generous public. Any Goods directed to, & stored with him, will be safely delivered to the boat by which they may ascend or descend the different rivers, and care will also be taken, (wherein he may be requested to forward Goods,) to send them by experienced and honest boatmen. He will also attend to the

### Commission Business,

which Kentucky Merchants, or other persons may have done on very moderate terms. He returns his sincere thanks to his friends and customers for their past favours, and informs them as well as the public, that he has on hand, and will continue to keep,

### A Handsome Assortment of

### DORSEY'S IRON,

which he is determined to sell at the lowest terms for Cash or approved Notes. He expects shortly

### A Handsome Assortment of

### PROBST'S CASTINGS.

Thomas Cromwell.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 15, 1805.

### FOR SALE, One Thousand Acres of GOOD MILITARY LAND,

IN the State of Ohio, situated in a well settled part of the Country; for which, Negroes, Horses, Flour, Hemp, Tobacco, Bacon and Whiskey, will be taken in payment by the subscriber.

F. Ridgely.

Oct. 26, 1805.

### NOTICE,

WE shall attend with Commissioners appointed by the County Court of Fleming, on the 22d day of November next if fair, if not, the next fair day, at the mouth of Triplet's Creek in Fleming county, near where the new State road crosses Licking creek; to take the depositions of sundry witnesses, to perpetuate the calls in the following entry viz: 12th November 1783, Richard Rixey enters 5800 acres of land, on the balance of a Treasury Warrant No. 19,326, beginning at a sugar-tree marked I. M. C. standing in the forks of a creek of Licking, running with Ralph Morgan's line, North to the Hills, thence from the said tree South to the Hills, with said Morgan's line, then from the extremities of this line, running up the creek on both sides, binding on the Hills, for quantity; and to do such other acts as we may deem necessary, and according to an act of Assembly, in that case made and provided.

Benjamin Ely,

Hugh Forbes,

Richd. Rixey.

### FOR SALE,

On very reasonable terms, and possession given immediately,

THAT valuable and well known Tract or parcel of LAND, situated at the mouth of Tate's creek, 15 miles from Lexington, on the main road leading from Lexington to Madison court house, containing 1000 acres, or thereabouts; 200 of which is excellent bottom, the remainder hilly but well timbered; 80 acres cleared, 12 acres in clover and timothy meadow, and 25 more can be made and watered with very little expense. On the upper part of this tract is erected a merchant mill, with a new and well built hewed log dam, the situation is perfectly secure, either from back water from the river, or floods in the creek. The house is 50 feet by 40, with four floors; the mills are over shot, double geared, with a pair of French burrs and a pair of Lard hill stones, bolting, hoisting, screening, fanning, and packing done by water.—The water empties from these mills into a pond, where stands a saw mill in good repair. There is also on the premises a good framed dwelling house, kitchen, & store house, and a large and never failing spring convenient. For further particulars enquire on the premises of

ELISHA I. WINTER.

### MADISON.

THE subscriber having received sufficient encouragement, has laid off into convenient lots and streets, a TOWN by the above name, on his land lying on the bank of the Ohio, about one mile above the mouth of Limestone creek. The situation of this place is extremely advantageous, it being in an extensive bottom, about three miles in length, and three quarters in depth—the landing at the town is remarkably easy and convenient, being shielded from the current by a considerable eddy. A firm and excellent road may be made with very little additional expense, leading from the town to Wallington, May's Lick, Flemingsburgh, and the different licks on Licking, and from thence to the interior of Kentucky. A ferry is established over the Ohio at the town, and as a proof of the convenience of the situation for publick purposes, a ship of 300 tons is now on the stocks at the place, and several valuable factories will be fixed there in a short time. It has long been the opinion of persons of observation, that some spot in the vicinity of Limestone, must eventually become the great place of deposit on the Ohio, both for importation and exportation.—It is at present the key to Kentucky, and the State of Ohio; being the important pass-way to the Atlantic States, and to the southern and western parts of the United States and Louisiana. Lots may be had on reasonable terms on application to the agent of the subscriber, who resides at the spot.

JNO. COBURN.

### TO BE SOLD,

ON the 15th day of November, next ensuing 1805, at the Farm of the late Bernard Lingenfelder dec. in Fayette county, on Shannon's Run, within one mile of Mr. John Parker's mill, which farm Capt. William Allen formerly lived on and owned; at 12 months credit, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, the following article: viz: Stock of all kinds, namely Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, together with a Wagon, Corn, and several Farming Utensils, with almost all kinds of Household Furniture, Beds, a cupboard, a complete Clock &c. as well as various kinds of Kitchen Furniture and many other materials too tedious to infer. The Sale will begin at nine o'clock in the morning, and if not finished on the above day, to continue until every of the above are sold off.

Barbara Lingenfelder, Adm'r.

Frederick Walby, Adm'r.





"TO SOAR ALOFT ON FANCY'S WING."

From Little's Poems.

### SONG.

WHEN Time, who steals our years away,  
Shall steal our pleasures too,  
The memory of the past will stray,  
And half our joys renew.

Then, Chloe, when thy beauty's flower  
Shall feed the wintry air,  
Remembrance will recall the hour  
When thou alone wert fair!

Then talk no more of future gloom;  
Our joys shall always last;  
For hope shall brighten days to come,  
And memory gild the past!

Come, Chloe, fill the genial bowl,  
I drink to love and thee;  
Thou never canst decay in soul,  
Thou'lt still be young for me.

And as thy lips the tear-drop chase,  
Which on my cheek they find,  
So hope shall steal away the trace  
Which sorrow leaves behind!

Then fill the bowl—away with gloom;  
Our joys shall always last;  
For hope shall brighten days to come,  
And memory gild the past!

But mark, at thought of future years,  
When love shall lose its soul,  
My Chloe drops her timid tears,  
They mingle with my bowl!

How like this bowl of wine, my fair,  
Our loving life shall fleet;  
Though tears may sometimes mingle there,  
The draught will still be sweet!

Then fill the bowl—away with gloom;  
Our joys shall always last;  
For hope shall brighten days to come,  
And memory gild the past!

"TRIFLES LIGHT AS AIR."

HOW can you, my Lord, prefer  
punch to wine?—"Because, my  
dear, it is so much like matrimony—  
such a compound of opposite quali-  
ties."—"Aye, my Lord, I am the  
weak part, I suppose."—"No, my  
love, you are the sweet, with a little  
of the acid, and no small portion of  
the spirit."

### FOR SALE.

242 1-2 Acres of  
**FIRST RATE LAND;**  
WELL timbered and watered, four  
miles east of Lexington, in a  
good neighborhood. On the said land  
is one hundred acres cleared, in two im-  
provements, good Dwelling houses,  
Barns, Stables, Orchards &c. title in-  
disputable—a general warranty will be  
made.

John Starks.

N. B. If the said land is not sold by  
the first day of December it will be ren-  
ded.  
October 24, 1805.

### Georgetown Fall Races.

WILL commence on the first Thursday in  
November next, free for any Horse, Mare, or  
Gelding, agreeably to the rules of the Ken-  
tucky Jockey Club.

1st day, 3 mile heats—entrance \$8.  
2d day, 2 mile heats—entrance \$5.  
3d day, 1 mile heats.

A large subscription is raising for these  
races, intended to be distributed to the owners of  
the winning nags, viz.—To the winner of the  
first day, two thirds the subscription and en-  
trance money. To the winner of the second  
day, one third the subscription and entrance.  
To the winner of the third day, an elegant Sad-  
dle and Bridle, and second day's entrance mo-  
ney. The saddle and bridle to be entered and  
paid for by the persons starting horses for it.  
All horses to be entered the day preceding the  
race, or pay double entrance. The entrance  
money to be paid to Thomas Martin, George-  
town. 12w October 17, 1805.

### RICHARD TAYLOR.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and  
the public, that he has opened a  
**House of Entertainment,**  
in that large and commodious brick house lately  
occupied by Mr. John Instone, in Frankfort  
where he is supplied with the best of liquors  
and provisions of every kind. His stable is  
well furnished with forage, and an attentive ost-  
ler. From the arrangements made to accom-  
modate his visitants, and the attention that will  
be paid them, he flatters himself he will share  
the public favor.  
Frankfort, October 24, 1805.

### JOSEPH HARBESON.

At the sign of the STILL, just from Philadel-  
phia, has commenced the  
**Copper & Tin Manufactures.**  
In Pittsburgh, and has now for sale, and shall  
continue to keep a supply of all sizes of stills  
demanded.

STILLS of every size and  
description,  
Copper Boilers for brewers &c.  
Hatters' Kettles, ditto  
Tea Kettles,  
Brass and Copper Wash Kettles, and every  
other article in the copper line.  
Pewter, assorted,  
Tin Ware of every description.  
It being his intention to pursue the business  
extensively, he hopes for the patronage of the  
public, and any orders left, shall be punctually  
fulfilled, and at the most reasonable prices.  
3m Pittsburgh, Sept. 28, 1805.  
N. B. Three or Four Apprentices wanted.

### PIANO FORTE MANUFACTURY.

#### JOSEPH GREEN,

BEGS leave to acquaint his friends  
and the public in general, that  
with the assistance of a Gentleman lately  
from London, he has commenced the  
making of

#### Patent Pinano Fortes,

With additional keys; which from sim-  
plicity of action, brilliancy of tone, e-  
quality of touch, and excellent quality  
of standing long in tune, are allowed  
by the first professional men, to be far  
superior to any before invented.

J. GREEN having observed, that  
Piano Fortes constructed in the us-  
ual way for this country, are not calcu-  
lated to resist the effects of so change-  
able an atmosphere, has manufactured  
the above instruments of solid materials,  
upon such a secure plan, as to remove  
all doubts of their durability.

Orders addressed to him at the Man-  
ufacture, on main street Lexington,  
(where a specimen may be seen,) will  
be thankfully received.

LEXINGTON, Sept. 1805.

### LAST NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to the late firms  
of Seitz & Lauman, John A. Seitz,  
Seitz & Johnson, John A. Seitz & Co.,  
John Jordan jun. John Jordan junior  
& Co. and John & William Jordan, are  
requested to come forward immediately  
and pay off their respective accounts to  
CURTIS FIELD, who is hereby duly au-  
thorized to receive the same. Those  
who do not avail themselves of this no-  
tice, may rest assured, that indulgence  
will not be given beyond the first of  
March, when suits will be indiscri-  
minately instituted.

J. Jordan jr.

N. B.—TOBACCO, HEMP,  
and HOGS' LARD, will be received at  
the market price, in payment.

J. J.

Lexington, January 28, 1805, tf

### New-York State Lottery.

For the improvement of Roads,  
WILL positively commence Drawing in the  
city of New-York, on the third Tuesday  
in December next—Highest Prize

20,000 Dollars,

and less than two Blanks to a Prize.

#### Tickets and Shares

To be had at the Permanent and Fortunate  
Lottery Offices of  
G. & R. WAITE,

No. 64, & at No. 38, Maiden  
Lane, New-York;

Where was sold in the last lottery, and forward-  
ed in letters by post, the highest prize, 25,000  
Dollars, to a gentleman in Baltimore—another  
of the capital prizes to a gentleman in North-  
Carolina—another in Virginia—another in  
Georgia—another in Long Island, (N. Y.) and  
another in Massachusetts; besides several in  
former lotteries to persons in different parts of  
the Union.

Present Price of Tickets & Shares.  
Whole tickets \$7 Quarters \$1 87  
Halves 3 62 Eighths 1

Distant adventurers, by enclosing Bank  
Notes (post paid) to G. & R. WAITE, may  
have tickets forwarded them to any amount  
with the utmost punctuality, and the earliest  
intelligence sent of their success.

Tickets will advance on the first of De-  
cember next.

New-York, October 1805.

AGREEABLY to a decree of  
the Fayette Circuit Court, at their  
September term 1805, will be sold  
for ready cash, on the 25th Novem-  
ber, on the premises.

#### Two Inn Lots,

in the Town of Lexington, known  
by their numbers 12 & 13, under a  
mortgage from George Adams to  
Thomas and William Essex, to sat-  
isfy the debt &c. for which the mort-  
gage was given to secure.

John Bradford, } Com'rs  
William Huston. }

October 24, 1805.

TAKEN up and delivered to me,  
John Oldham, one of the Common-  
wealth's Justices of the Peace, liv-  
ing on the Kentucky river, opposite  
to the mouth of Drowning creek,  
**2 Bay Horse, and Black Mare,**  
the Horse six years old last Spring,  
fourteen and a half hands high, has  
a star and snip, both hind feet white,  
branded thus A. on each shoulder,  
and since his postment there has  
been found the crook of a pot hook  
on his left buttock. The mare a  
black, with a star and snip, fourteen  
hands high, eleven years old last  
Spring, having a number of white  
spots on her back and rump, branded  
on the left buttock E. L. left hind  
foot white. The horse appraised  
to sixty dollars, the mare to thirty  
five.

John Oldham.

### FOR SALE.

**200 Acres of Military Land,**  
in Warren county; which has been known by  
the name of the Blue Spring Grove. The title  
is indisputable, and a general warranty will  
be made. For terms apply to the subscriber  
near Lexington, or at Frankfort during the  
terms of the Court of appeals or Federal  
Court.

JAMES HUGHES.

October 15, 1805.

I will rent my Office in Lexington.

J. H.

### GEORGE ANDERSON,

HAS just received by the barge Ann, James  
Riddle master, from New-Orleans,

20 boxes Brown Havannah Sugar,

90. White do. do.

7 Carrels Loaf do.

99 doz. of Long Cork Claret,

3 tons of Campeachy Logwood.

Which he will sell low for Cash, or approv-  
ed indorsed negotiable Notes, at 30 and 60  
days.  
Lexington, K. Sept. 7th, 1805.

N. B. All those indebted to George Ander-  
son, will please come forward, and pay off  
their respective accounts, as no longer indul-  
gence will be given.

### 100 DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near  
Greenville, Jefferson county, Mississippi  
Territory, a Negro Man, named

CHARLES,

who the subscriber purchased from Thomas  
B. Scott and Robert Scott of Jessamine coun-  
ty, Kentucky. He is a well made black fellow,  
about 24 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches  
high, he stoops a little in his shoulders and has  
a soft squeaking voice. He made his first e-  
scape in September or October 1803, and  
was taken up in Robertson county, state of  
Tennessee, the 21st of July, 1804, where he  
remained until March 1805, at which time,  
Robert Childress, took him on board his boat,  
to convey him to his owner, and brought him  
near the mouth of Bayou Pierre creek, where  
he again made his escape. His clothing at  
that time is not known to the subscriber. I  
will give the above reward to any person who  
will apprehend said negro out of the limits of  
this Territory, and will deliver him to me at  
my house, or Twenty Dollars for securing him  
in any jail, and giving me information thereof,  
so that I get him again; or Twenty Dollars  
to any person who will apprehend said negro  
within this Territory, and will deliver him to  
me at my plantation.

Thomas M. Green.

May 19th, 1805. tf

### GEORGE POYZER,

Tenders his services to Merchants and others,  
and informs them, he has opened a

COMMISSION STORE,

At Nashville, Tennessee,

Where he will be glad to receive any commu-  
nications from his Friends.—He likewise con-  
tinues his business as AGENT. 3m

### FOR SALE.

THE place whereon I now live, on  
450 acres, lying on David's Fork  
of Elkhorn, with good improvements;  
about 140 acres of open land, the dwell-  
ing house is of Brick, two stories 22  
feet wide and 46 feet long, two GRIST  
MILLS in good repair, and grind very  
fast, one pair of stones are French burr;  
the springs and stock of water was never  
known to fail. I will sell the whole to-  
gether, and give an extensive credit on  
one fourth being paid down, or I will sell  
100 acres with the mills and distillery  
on it, and give a considerable credit on  
one third being paid down. It is gene-  
rally counted a very handsome place—  
it is needless to mention further particu-  
lars, as any person willing to buy, can  
view the premises.

14ptf John Rogers.

### FOR SALE.

Several In and Out Lots,  
In the town of Lexington—a credit of six  
months will be given to the purchaser. For  
terms apply to Thomas Bodley, or the subscri-  
ber, living on Hickman.

North Parker.

### REMOVAL.

LAWSON McCULLOUGH.

### TAILOR,

HAS removed his Shop from  
High-street, to a new framed  
house on Main and Mill-street, ad-  
joining Mr. Lewis Sanders, and  
nearly opposite Mr. Thos. Hart's  
Store. Those Gentlemen who may  
please to favor him with their cur-  
toms, may depend on having their  
work done with dispatch and punc-  
tuality, and in the neatest and new-  
est fashion.—He has for the accom-  
modation of his friends and custom-  
ers, (and a little for himself) laid in  
a general assortment of the most suit-  
able trimmings for cloaths, and a  
few pieces of genuine Constitution  
cord and Indian Nankeens, all of  
which will be sold on the most reason-  
able terms. Be so kind Gentle-  
men as to call in and judge for  
yourselves.

I am the public's humble servt.  
12m Lawson M'Cullough

### WANTED.

SOBER, industrious man, who is capa-  
ble of driving a stage with four horses,  
to be employed in

Driving the Mail Stage  
from Lexington to Frankfort, once a week, to  
commence on the first of May next.—Applica-  
tion to be made to N. Willis, at Chillicothe, or  
Joshua Wilson, in Lexington.

October 1, 1805. tf

### NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to RIDGELY and  
FISHBACK, FISHBACK & STEELE  
or F. FISHBACK, are requested to pay their  
respective accounts to col. Dedman, who is au-  
thorized to collect and receipt for the same.

A Short & Easy method with Deists  
For sale at this office.

PROPOSALS  
By F. PENISTON,  
FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION AT  
ST. LOUIS,  
A NEWSPAPER, TO BE ENTITLED  
THE  
LOUISIANA HERALD.

IN prosecuting the publication of the  
LOUISIANA HERALD, the Editor will  
lay before the public as speedily as pos-  
sible, the most interesting foreign and  
domestic occurrences. Care will be ta-  
ken to relate all local events, with cor-  
rectness and precision. A statement of  
the New-Orleans, Natchez, and differ-  
ent markets of Upper Louisiana, will  
occasionally be given. In those fea-  
tures which characterize the political  
sentiments of an Editor, a careful soli-  
citude will be exhibited for the honor,  
prosperity and independence of the U-  
nion. An impartial and deliberate in-  
vestigation of all political questions, will  
be preferred to heat or passion.  
TRUTH shall be its GUIDE.—LIB-  
ERTY its OBJECT. Personal invective,  
scurrilous or defamatory publica-  
tions shall be sedulously avoided.—That  
invaluable liberty of scrutinizing the  
conduct of those in whom the public  
faith is pledged, will be maintained as-  
sacred.

Communications from gentlemen of  
information will be thankfully received.

THE LOUISIANA HERALD  
will be published weekly, with a near-  
type on a royal sheet, at Three Dollars  
per ann. payable in advance; or for an  
attested note of Four Dollars, to be  
paid at the expiration of the year.

### F. Downing & Co.

TAKE this method of inform-  
ing their friends and the public at  
large, that they continue the  
HOUSE & SIGN PAINTING

BUSINESS,

in all its branches: Papering, and  
decorating apartments in the most  
finished style. They undertake like-  
wise Gilding and japanning—Old  
waiters &c. japanned anew. They  
have added to the above mentioned  
branches, that of making new, and  
repairing old Looking Glasses. They  
have received an elegant assortment  
of Gilt Borders, for pictures or  
looking glass frames—They contin-  
ue to take shaded and cut profile  
likenesses with the physiognotrace,  
at their shop, opposite to Mr. Pope's  
office; where for the use of persons  
living at a remote distance, will be  
found, all sorts of paints, ready  
ground, and fit for immediate use,  
on the shortest notice, together with  
new brushes. All such persons by  
giving the subscribers the dimensions  
of what they desire to be painted,  
may be accommodated with a suffi-  
cient quantity of paint. They have  
also, always on hand, a quantity of  
PUTTY.

Three or four APPRENTICES to the a-  
bove business, coming well recommended,  
will meet with encouragement.

### VALUABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.  
137 acres Military Land, lying on  
Brush creek, N. W. T. where the road  
crosses from Limestone to Chillicothe,  
this tract contains about three hundred  
acres of rich bottom, the remainder is  
well timbered; has on it a good mil  
feet, and is an excellent stand for a pub-  
lic house.

500 acres ditto ditto, lying on Clover  
Lick creek, a branch of the East fork of  
the Little Miami, N. W. T. in a good  
neighborhood, about three miles from  
Dunhamstown, seven from Williams-  
burg, and eleven to twelve from the O-  
hio river.

1000 acres ditto ditto, lying on Brush  
creek, a few miles from New Market,  
N. W. T.

5000 acres, lying on Bank Lick creek,  
Kentucky, part of two tracts, contain-  
ing 6000 acres, surveyed and patented  
for William Jones.

4000 acres, Clarke county, Kentucky,  
part of a tract of eight thousand acres,  
surveyed and patented for Richard Chin-  
nevorath.

3332 2-3 acres, Macon county, Ken-  
tucky, part of 5000 acres, surveyed and  
patented for George Underwood.

1200 acres, Macon county, Kentucky,  
surveyed and patented for Moody and  
M'Millin.

1000 acres Military land, on the wa-  
ters of Russell's creek, Green river.

325 acres, Jefferson county, Kentu-  
cky, about four miles from Louisville, 40  
acres of this tract is cleared.

116 1-2 acres, Franklin county, Ken-  
tucky, on the North fork of Elkhorn,  
about six miles from Frankfort; on that  
tract are considerable improvements.

A House and well improved Lot in  
the town of Paris, on Main Street, and  
adjoining Mr. Hughes's tavern.

An Inn and Out Lot in said town.

Also a House and well improved Lot  
in this place.

The above described property will be  
sold low for CASH, HEMP and TOBAC-  
CO, or on giving bond with good securi-  
ty, a considerable credit may be had.—  
For further particulars enquire of An-  
drew F. Price, attorney in fact for (or  
to the subscriber.)

JOHN JORDAN Jun.  
Lexington Kentucky,  
January 13, 1805. }

### TWO APPRENTICES

Will be taken by

JOHN JONES,

At his Cotton Manufactory, on Water street,  
Lexington.

October 16, 1805.



JOHN BRYAN,  
Saddler, Cap & Harness Maker,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of  
Lexington and the public in general, that  
he has commenced business in Main street, and  
as he is furnished with an assortment of the  
best materials, and has in his employ some of  
the best workmen, he flatters himself from the  
quality of his work, the moderation of his pri-  
ces and assiduity to business, to merit a share  
of public patronage.—Those who may please  
to favor him with their commands, can be fur-  
nished with Ladies Saddles with hog skin,  
buck skin, and plush seats—Gentlemen's best  
do. made on English Trees and chiefly English  
Leather—Elastic Saddles—do. shafted—do. in-  
laid with Leopard skin—Common Saddles—  
Plated Brides with guard, half guard, dukes'  
branch, bit and bradon, Portsmouth sharp  
and snuffe bits—Common Brides—Martin-  
gales & Collars—Plated stirrups—Riding whips  
—Sawarow, guarded and plain spurs—Horse-  
men's caps and holsters—Fire buckets on an  
improved plan—Portmanteaus—Valises—Sad-  
dle-bags—Carriage, Waggon, and Cart Har-  
ness, &c. &c.

October 17th, 1805

JUST PUBLISHED,  
By Joseph Charles,  
And sold at the different Printing Offices in  
this state and Ohio,

A REPLY

TO JOHN P. CAMPBELL'S  
Strictures on Atonement.

BY BARTON W. STONE.

The Philistines be upon thee, Sampson.—And  
he brake the withes, as a thread of tow is broken,  
when it toucheth the fire. Judges.

To those who purchase by the dozen, a libe-  
ral allowance will be made. 3t

### EVENING SCHOOL.

THE subscriber's Evening School  
will commence on the 4th evening in November.  
Those who please to favor him, may be taught  
reading, writing, arithmetic, and the different  
branches of the Mathematics, on as good terms  
as in any place in the union, and the accommo-  
dations equal to any in Lexington.

I am the public's obt. hble. servt.

Wm. J. DUTY.

October 16, 1805.

### TOBACCO WANTED.

CASH will be given for 2 or 3000 weight  
of Tobacco of last year's crop, by

Peter J. Robert,

At his tobacco manufactory opposite the Bank.  
Lexington, Octo. 4th, 1805. tf

### Wanted Immediately.

A JOURNEYMAN BLACKSMITH  
That understands his business, to  
whom generous wages will be given.—  
Enquire at this office.

Fayette, sd.

TAKEN up by George Stone,  
on Steele's Run, about seven miles  
from Lexington,

One Bay Filley,

about thirteen hands high, the near  
hind foot white, appraised to 27 dol-  
lars, before

Edward Payne jr.

July 1st. 1805.

### NOTICE.

THE Public are forwarned from  
crediting my wife Sarah, on my ac-  
count, as she has absconded from my  
bed and board, without any just  
cause, and am determined not to  
pay any of her contracts.

Andrew M'Clanahan.

Madison County, Sep. 28, 1805. \*

TAKEN UP by Geo. Caldwell,  
on South Elkhorn, near the Frank-  
fort road; a Two year old Brown  
Filly with a small star in her Fore-  
head, and the off hind foot white,  
about fourteen and a half hands  
high; Appraised to thirty Dollars.  
A copy Test. D. TODD D. C.

July 2d, 1805.

### CLARK COUNTY SE.

TAKEN UP by Henry Kelfoe living  
on the waters of Stoner, Shiell's  
Settlement, one Bay Mare nine  
years old Thirteen hands and a half  
high, branded on the near shoulder,  
W. L. and near Buttock I. B. Some  
white Spots on her Back: Appraised  
to £. 11. Before

D. HAMPTON.

TAKEN UP by Joseph Hederick,  
in Garrard County, near McCoy's Mill; a  
BAY HORSE,

fourteen hands and one inch five years  
old a small star in his forehead, a part of his  
near hind foot white; branded on the near  
buttock thus H. June the 12, 1805. Apprai-  
sed to 50 Dollars.

CHARLES SPILMAN.

MADISON COUNTY SE.

TAKEN up by Barnett Owens living on  
the Kentucky River, about three miles below  
the mouth of Drowning Creek; one GREY  
MARE, about six years old, fourteen hands  
and a half high, no brands perceivable; ap-  
praised to sixty dollars.

Nathan Lipscomb, J. P.

July 4th 1805.